Тренировочный вариант ЕГЭ по английскому языку по теме "Путешествия"

Раздел 1. Аудирование

<u>Вы услышите 6 высказываний</u>. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего А–F и утверждениями, данными в списке 1–7. Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. Вы услышите запись дважды. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу.

- 1. This company ignores tourists' safety.
- 2. Before such tours you should learn how to move and breathe in rapid water.
- 3. Rafting can be life-threatening.
- 4. If you secure your life jacket properly, you'll come home safely.
- 5. Team spirit and optimism are important in such tours.
- 6. This kind of tour is for strong and fit people.
- 7. Professional staff make these difficult tours fun.



<u>Вы услышите диалог.</u> Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений А–G соответствуют содержанию текста (1 – True), какие не соответствуют (2 – False) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 – Not stated). Занесите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа в таблицу. Вы услышите запись дважды.

- A. Anna is looking forward to the family holiday.
- B. Ben has watched all Disney cartoons.
- C. Anna thinks that only parents with children go to the cinema to see cartoons.
- D. Ben and his friends watch cartoons at Ben's house.
- E. Anna thinks that some cartoons are like feature films.
- F. Anna thinks that Ben wouldn't like going to Florida after all.
- G. Ben would like to meet Mickey Mouse.



Задания 3-9

6. Which of the following is Carl's responsibility if his client is flying?

1) Informing the client about weather conditions in place of destination.

<u>Вы услышите интервью.</u> В заданиях 3–9 запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2 или 3, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

 3. Carl Fox says that he 1) wanted to work in a travel agency since he was 10 years old. 2) works in a small agency. 3) likes to travel. 	 7. What kind of holiday do modern customers prefer to order nowadays, according to Carl? 1) A package tour. 2) A specially designed tour. 3) A tour to a place Carl knows personally.
 4. Which of the following is TRUE about Carl Fox's reasons for wanting to work in a travel agency? 1) His desire to travel to Spain for free. 2) His experience of working in resorts abroad. 3) Traveling advantages the job offered. 	8. According to Carl, what's the best thing in providing personalized service?1) Opportunity to learn about new routes.2) Possibility to arrange a perfect holiday to a customer.3) Inventing unusual itineraries.
5. Which of the following is NOT Carl's responsibility?1) Vaccinating the clients.2) Arranging accommodation.3) Offering holiday options.	 9. Carl told a story about his client whoing groups is NOT mentioned by Diane as potential clients for hippotherapy? 1) couldn't choose a suitable flight. 2) confused the names of two cities. 3) wanted him to arrange an important meeting.



2) Meeting the client at the airport.

3) Providing the client with a taxi to the airport.

Раздел 2. Чтение

Установите соответствие между текстами A–G и заголовками 1–8. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.

1.Meeting the locals		
2. On bike from train		
3. Weather		
considerations		
4. Joys of biking		
5. Preparations		
6. Severe adventures		
7. Follow the rules		

A. If you want to see Europe on \$30 a day you might prefer to stay at hostels and shop at farmers' markets, but you definitely will not be able to do it without the help of a bike as it is one of the most economical ways to see Europe. But most bikers choose to pedal for the sheer joy of it. Just imagine riding up a beautiful mountain road, going to the very top, hearing birds singing in the treetops, and enjoying a well-earned and glorious downhill run.

B. The most important thing to do before you go for a long ride is to learn which tools to bring for basic repair work, such as patching a flat. If possible, first take a weekend camping trip with everything you'll need with you. If you don't already know how to fix your bike, you can ask about classes at your local bike shop. Although you can buy a good touring bike in Europe, you're better off bringing a bike that you're sure is the right fit for you as well as your own racks and panniers.

C. Expect rain and bring good bikers' rain equipment. You'll also be exposed to the sun, so plan on using plenty of sunscreen. Even if you never ride at night, you should bring a back light for long and unavoidable tunnels. Always wear a helmet as well as biking gloves to guard against unsightly road rash. Beware of the silent biker who might be right behind you, and use hand signals before stopping or turning. Stay off the freeways; smaller roads are nicer for biking, anyway.

D. Use a bike lock to secure your bike and never leave your pump, bag or laptop on your bike if you're going to step away, even for a moment. Keep your bike inside whenever possible. At hostels, ask if there is a locked bike room, and, if not, ask for a place to put your bike inside overnight. Remember that hotels and many pensions don't really have rules against taking a bike up to your room. Just do it quietly so the owners and other guests aren't disturbed.

E. The most rewarding aspect of bicycling in Europe is having the chance to get to know and communicate with new people. Europeans love bicycles, and they are often genuinely impressed when they see a tourist who rejects the view from a tour-bus window in favor of riding through their country on two wheels. Your bike provides an instant topic for conversation, the perfect bridge over cultural and language barriers.

F. A bell is generally required by law in Europe, so you should have one on your bike for giving a multilingual "Hi!" to other bikers as well as for saying "Look out, here I come!" Some countries, such as the Netherlands, have directions and signs just for bikers. For example, a bike in a blue circle indicates a bike route and this sign will get you through even some of the most complicated highway interchanges. A bike in a red circle indicates that bikes are not allowed.

G. Not all tourists use their bikes for long-distance European trips. For example, you can take the train from Paris to Amsterdam, and then use your bike for a few days to get around the city and out to the tulip fields and windmills. In many countries, especially France, Germany, Austria, Belgium, and the Netherlands, train stations offer bikes with very easy rental plans making it possible to pick them up in one place and drop them off somewhere else.



8. Beware of thieves

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски A–F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1–7. Одна из частей в списке 1–7 лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений в таблицу.

Tourism in Kamchatka

The range of tourist activities in Kamchatka is really wide. The most wide-spread type of tourism is ecotourism, A and resources of Kamchatka. Fishing, medicinal, cultural			
and ethnographical tourism are popular as well. Kamchatka offers almost unlimited possibilities for			
those B, and gives the chance to climb not only mountains, but volcanoes			
as well.			
Moreover, many rivers in Kamchatka are good for rafting. In winter one should be prepared for			
heli-skiing and skiing. In summer trekking, diving, photo safari and bird watching are at one's service.			
Besides, this region has a good recreational potential, C take some rest			
and improve health, thanks to the presence of almost every kind of mineral curative water. Visitors			
should not forget to try famous Kamchatka dishes, D and other seafood,			
for example of salmon, which Kamchatka is really famous for.			
Many tourist camps were built in Kamchatka in the past few years. Tourist infrastructure is getting			
better and better nowadays. As for natural wonders, tourists should not miss the famous rock "three			
brothers" protecting the city of Petropavlovsk-Kamchatsky. The city is located on the bank of the bay,			
E bays in the world. There is only one way to get there by plane from the			
European part of Russia – from Moscow. The ticket price is quite high, F			
as possible.			

- 1. who are fond of extreme tourism
- 2. and tourists may just go there to
- **3.** which are often made of local fish
- **4.** who wants to enjoy the nature as long
- 5. so one should plan for the journey as early
- **6.** and it is clearly explained by the unique nature
- 7. which is considered to be one of the most beautiful



Задания 12-18

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания 12–18. В каждом задании запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Travelling

I've spent the last year wandering around the globe and exploring this wondrous thing called life. Through 26 flights, I've managed to circle the globe twice, and touch 5 of the 7 continents. It's been an incredible experience. The journey led me from scuba diving for a month in Thailand to hitchhiking in African country. I've learned about the world and myself more than any book, teacher or person could tell me.

I've learned that the timing will never be perfect because rarely are we blessed with the perfect time to do something. When I was planning on leaving to travel for a year, it was never the "right time" when everything was going to be put on hold for my travels. I needed more money, or I would lose my job. I realized that I was never going to be "ready" to drastically change my life, as I was always going to have some new commitment or excuse. So I left at the "wrong time" in life and it turned out to be the best thing that happened to me. But once I got sick of missing out on things I wanted to do and see, I started to just do them anyway. I've also learned that friendships are everything. I heard this one a lot before, but never really believed it that much. When I started looking back on my travels, I started to think "Wow, I've seen a heck of lot of cool places". I tried to think back to my

favorites, which ones did I enjoy the most? They were always the ones where I had the best friends and really had nothing to do with where I was. The people around you contribute a great deal to your overall happiness. It was only when I had no

friends that I realized their importance. When travelling, you have complete freedom to literally do anything you want. You can relax everyday on the beach, you can be alone every day in your room, you can eat ice cream for breakfast every day, and you can drink all the time. This freedom can be quite liberating, but many people have a tough time balancing the party/drinking/vacation aspect with truly seeing and experiencing each country, because you have no responsibilities and no one around to tell you when you can't do something. I

too fell into a similar kind of trap. I indulged in so many aspects of life. I took everything to the extreme until it had lost its excitement. I realized that balance was the key. Another lesson I have learned is that life doesn't have to be "normal". Go to school, get a job, or buy a big house. When anyone strays from this path they are considered to be not "normal". It's only when I started traveling that I saw that a fulfilling and happy life isn't always a respectable job, with a big house and lots of money. I began to meet interesting characters from all over the world and saw first-hand how they had gone "against the grain" and succeeded. There are tons of other ways to live a fulfilling and happy life, but most of us have only seen the "big house" scenario. I saw and experienced how happy people are doing something completely different than normal jobs, because they get to wake up every day and do what they want to do

in the place they want to be. So, while travelling I realized that you can read about things, watch them on TV, or hear stories from a friend, but nothing comes close to first-hand human experience. You get a whole new perspective on what really matters and you feel this sense of adventure and excitement that reminds you just how many possibilities you have in life. To anyone who has not travelled, do it. And to those who have, continue to do so. It will teach you more about yourself and the world around you than you could

impossible.

not necessary.

17. During his travels the author realized the

too dull.

very rare.

3)

ever imagine.			
12. According to the author travelling helps you	14. The most important thing the author learned	16. The author is sure that 'normal' life is	18. It can be implied from the text that the author will

1) understand yourself.

something.

13. The time for the author "was never right" because

he was afraid of new experiences.

there always was an excuse not to do

he wanted to act according to a plan.

his travels were poorly organized.

- 2) learn new skills.
- 3) see the world.
- eniov the life.

1)

3)

4)

- 2) Balance. Freedom.
- friendship.
- 15. According to the author complete freedom ... needs control.

during his travels was about ...

Responsibilities.

- is to be avoided.
- is very relaxing.
- is tempting.

importance of ... 1) Adventures. direct experiences. 3) Education. 4) independence.

1)

3)

4)

write books about his adventures.

teach about travelling.

try to live a 'normal' life.

continue travelling.

Раздел 3. Грамматика и лексика

Задания 19-25

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 19-25, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текстов. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 19-25.

What agreed by a marriage

what country has no rivers:		
19. Hard to believe it, but there is such a country! Libya in North Africa and borders on the Mediterranean Sea.	LOCATE	
20. It's the largest country on Earth. But more than 90 percent of Libya is desert, and there's not a single permanent river in Libya!	FIFTEEN	
21. This huge country, more than four times the size of California, has a population than a number of cities in California.	SMALL	
22. FLibya an independent nation in 1951.	BECOME	
A palace with 1,300 rooms		
23. It was King Louis XIV of France who ordered a palace with 1,300 rooms in the 1600s. Louis wanted a bigger palace than any other king. In 1661, the French started this new palace.	BUILD	
24. It was located at a place outside Paris, Versailles.	CALL	
25. It had to be big – Louis's court had 20,000 people, and Versailles the centre of court life.	BECOME	



Задания 26-31

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, однокоренные слова так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 26–31.

Tourism in Britain

26. Tourism is already Britain's fifth most important industry and it is also the fifth largest tourist industry in the world. It's growing: the number of people employed in the industry increased by more than 50,000 a year.	RAPID
27. Britain has a rich and varied cultural heritage royal ceremonies attract millions of visitors each year.	COLOUR
28. London has an international reputation for its historic sites, museums and famous institutions. A city of infinite colour and, London is both historic and unceasingly modern, at the forefront of fashion, music and art.	VARY
29. Historic cities such as Oxford, Cambridge and Bath are visited by large numbers of	FOREIGN
30. People who travel to Scotland, the Lake District and other areas of upland Britain find unique places and scenery which can vary over short distances.	EXCITE
31. Some of the most popular outside London are the Jorvik Viking Centre in York, the Tudor ship in Portsmouth and National museum of Photography in Bradford.	ATTRACT



Задания 32-38

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 32–38. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям 32–38, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

A trip to Cherokee

Last May I was choosis	ng an unusual holiday tour. It w	/as a 32	task because
flights to Japan, Hong	Kong and Australia were just to	oo common.	What I wanted was
somewhere exciting an	d exotic, a place where I could	be 33	from the crowds
of tourists. I was so hap	ppy when Joan called up, sugge	esting to tak	e a trip to Cherokee,
a county in the state of	Oklahoma. I agreed immediate	ely.	
It didn't 34 us	long to prepare for this trip and	soon we to	ok a flight to
Cherokee and visited a	village, which presents a brief	image of th	e Indian past to the
tourists. 35 the	language barrier, we managed	to find our	way to the souvenir
shops with the help of	the natives. The shops were fill	ed with cold	orful traditional
	y feathers, and other bright sour		
anything?" We 36	a middle-aged man smiling	at us. We v	vere very surprised
by his fluent English. I	He introduced himself as Georg	e and we en	ided up chatting till
lunch time when he inv	vited us for lunch at a 37	_ coffee sho	op. George told us
that he used to cut firev	wood for a living. We 38	from him	that the Cherokees
do not depend solely or	n trade for survival. This story	was really in	nteresting. Back at
home, I often remembe	er this amazing trip.		

- **32.** 1) large 2) hard 3) strong 4) heavy
- **33.** 1) missed 2) avoided 3) spared 4) left
- **34.** 1) take 2) keep 3) hold 4) make
- **35.** 1) Though 2) Instead 3) Besides 4) Despite
- **36.** 1) glanced 2) looked 3) saw 4) watched
- **37.** 1) nearby 2) near 3) next 4) close
- **38.** 1) realised 2) found 3) discovered 4) learnt



Раздел 4. Письмо

Для ответов на задания 39 и 40 используйте бланк ответов № 2. Черновые пометки могут делаться прямо на листе с заданиями, или можно использовать отдельный черновик. При выполнении заданий 39 и 40 особое внимание обратите на то, что Ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма текста. Тексты недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются. Запишите сначала номер задания (39, 40), а затем ответ на него.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Judy who writes:

...We've moved to Chicago. I love it here! Where would you like to live, if you could choose? Why do you think so many people move to big cities? Is it easy for young people in Russia to change where they live, why or why not?

By the way, my brother Mike got a new job!...

Write a letter to Judy.

In your letter

- -answer her questions
- -ask **3 questions** about her brother's new job.

Write 100-140 words.

Remember the rules of letter writing.



Для ответов на задания 39 и 40 используйте бланк ответов № 2. Черновые пометки могут делаться прямо на листе с заданиями, или можно использовать отдельный черновик. При выполнении заданий 39 и 40 особое внимание обратите на то, что Ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма текста. Тексты недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются. Запишите сначала номер задания (39, 40), а затем ответ на него.

Comment on the following statement.

One should read about historical sites before sightseeing.

What is your opinion? Do you agree with this statement?

Write 200-250 words.

Use the following plan:

- make an introduction (state the problem)
- express your personal opinion and give 2–3 reasons for your opinion
- express an opposing opinion and give 1–2 reasons for this opposing opinion
- explain why you don't agree with the opposing opinion
- make a conclusion restating your position



Раздел 5. Устная часть

Task 1. Imagine that you are preparing a project with your friend. You have found some interesting material for the presentation and you want to read this text to your friend. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, then be ready to read it out aloud. You will not have more than 1.5 minutes to read it.

The first maps were drawn by explorers to help them find their way home and show people where they had been. The maps showed the shape of the land, distances between places and special features such as caves and old trees. Nowadays, maps show the towns and villages, and the roads, railways, rivers and mountains. Symbols are used to show all the different things on a map and there is a key to explain what the symbols stand for.

Over the centuries, people explored most of the Earth and put together the map of the world we use today. Maps of the world or large areas are often either "political" or "physical". The political map shows territorial borders. The purpose of the physical map is to show features of geography such as mountains, soil type or land use including roads, railroads and buildings.



Task 2. Study the advertisement.

You are going to visit Japan this summer and you'd like to have more information about the flights to Japan. In 1.5 minutes you are to ask five questions to find out the following:

- 1) departure dates
- 2) travel time
- 3) return ticket price
- 4) discounts for students
- 5) buying the ticket online

You have 20 seconds to ask each question.





Task 3. These are photos from your photo album. Choose one photo to describe to your friend.

You will have to start speaking in 1.5 minutes and will speak for not more than 2 minutes (12–15 sentences). In your talk remember to speak about:

- where and when the photo was taken;
- what/who is in the photo;
- what is happening;
- why you keep the photo in your album;
- why you decided to show the picture to your friend.

You have to talk continuously, starting with: "I've chosen photo number..."







Task 4. Study the two photographs. In 1.5 minutes be ready to compare and contrast the photographs:

- give a brief description of the photos (action, location)
- · say what the pictures have in common
- · say in what way the pictures are different
- · say which kind of life you'd prefer
- · explain why

You will speak for not more than 2 minutes (12–15 sentences). You have to talk continuously.





Ответы

Аудирование	Чтение
Задание 1	Задание 10
A1 B6 C5 D7 E2 F3	A4 B5 C3 D8 E1 F7 G2
Задание 2	Задание 11
A1 B2 C2 D3 E1 F2 G1	A6 B1 C2 D3 E7 F5
Задания 3-9	Задания 12-18
3-3 4-3 5-1 6-1 7-2 8-2 9-2	12-1 13-2 14-4 15-1 16-3 17-2 18-3



Задания 19-25	Задания 26-31	Задания 32-38
19. ISLOCATED	26. RAPIDLY	32. 2
20. FIFTEENTH	27. COLOURFUL	33. 3
21. SMALLER	28. VARIETY	34. 1
22. BECAME	29. FOREIGNERS	35. 4
23. BUILDING	30. EXCITING	36. 3
24. CALLED	31. ATTRACTIONS	37. 1
25. BECAME		38. 4

